

NATURE OF CHARGE: *Tincture of belladonna*. Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be and was represented as "*Belladonna Tincture*," a drug, the name of which is recognized in the United States Pharmacopeia; and its strength differed from the official standard since the article yielded from each 100 cc. less than 27 mg. of the alkaloids of belladonna leaf, the minimum permitted by the standard. Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Tincture of Belladonna U. S. P." was false and misleading since it represented and suggested that the article was "*Belladonna Tincture*," as defined in the United States Pharmacopeia, whereas the article was not "*Belladonna Tincture*" as therein defined.

Tincture of Hyoscyamus. Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be and was represented as "*Hyoscyamus Tincture*," a drug, the name of which is recognized in the United States Pharmacopeia; and its strength differed from the official standard since the article yielded from each 100 cc. less than 3.4 mg. of the alkaloids of *Hyoscyamus*, the minimum permitted by the standard. Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Tincture of Hyoscyamus U. S. P." was false and misleading since it represented and suggested that the article was "*Hyoscyamus Tincture*," as defined in the United States Pharmacopeia, whereas the article was not "*Hyoscyamus Tincture*" as therein defined.

DISPOSITION: May 2, 1952. A plea of guilty having been entered by the corporation and a plea of nolo contendere by the individual, the court imposed a fine of \$1,000 against each defendant. On July 2, 1952, the court reduced the fine against each defendant to \$500.

3750. Adulteration and misbranding of procaine penicillin G in aqueous suspension. U. S. v. 20 Packages * * *. (F. D. C. No. 32386. Sample No. 10947-L.)

LIBEL FILED: January 3, 1952, Eastern District of Tennessee.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 13, 1951, from Atlanta, Ga.

PRODUCT: 20 packages, each containing 10 tubes, of *procaine penicillin G in aqueous suspension* at Chattanooga, Tenn. Analysis showed that the potency per tube varied from 208,000 units to 248,000 units.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it was represented to possess.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Each Tubex contains 300,000 units crystalline procaine penicillin G" was false and misleading as applied to the article, the potency of which was less than that stated on the label.

The article was adulterated and misbranded while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: April 24, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

3751. Adulteration of posterior pituitary injection. U. S. v. 45 Vials * * *. (F. D. C. No. 32513. Sample Nos. 25917-L, 26130-L.)

LIBEL FILED: February 11, 1952, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 15, 1951, by Gold Leaf Pharmacal Co., Inc., from New Rochelle, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 45 vials, each containing 10 cc., of *posterior pituitary injection* at Philadelphia, Pa.